

35th Fighter Wing



Integrity - Service - Excellence

Winter Awareness Briefing 2018







Winter Expectations



November – April

Misawa Average Snowfall: 126.3"



What to Expect

Minimum = 30"

Maximum = 240"





Why This Briefing?



Misawa Winter Fatalities & Mishap Events

2001: Car crash – military passenger and JN driver killed

2007: 2 Snowboarders lost while snowboarding

2007: 2 JN skiers die by avalanche at Mt Hakkoda

2008: 1 lost at Mt. Hakkoda over night

2011: JN father and son lost at Mt Hakkoda over night

2013: 3 hikers lost at Mt. Hakkoda over night



Overview



- MISAWA LOCAL POLICE
 - > Traffic Division
- WING SAFETY
 - Winter Driving
 - Mishap Prevention
- OUTDOOR RECREATION
 - > Winter Sports
- MEDICAL GROUP
 - > Cold Emergencies
 - Obtaining Care
- Emergency Management
 - Blizzard Safety
- FIRE PREVENTION
- CIVIL ENGINEERING
 - Snow Priorities
 - Road Advisories
- Violence Prevention Integrator





For your safety



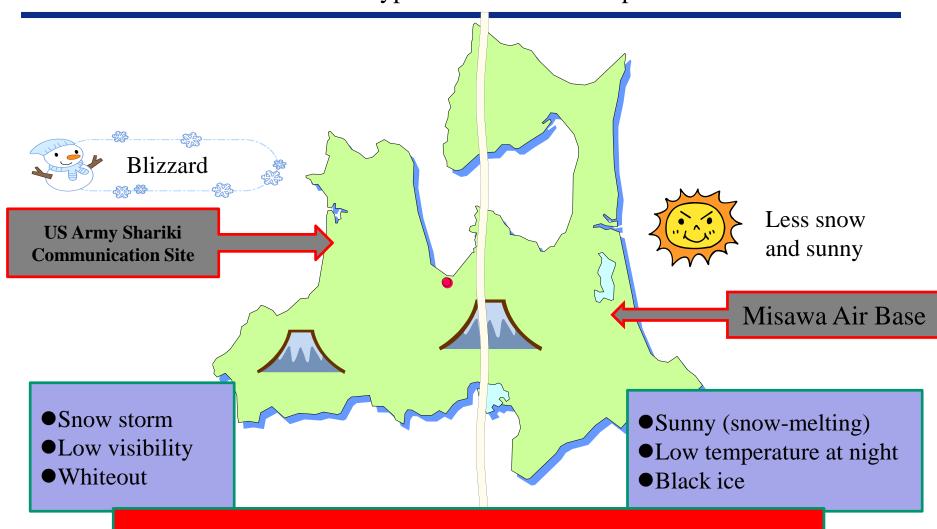


Aomori Prefectural Police Misawa Police Station





Two different types of weather in the prefecture

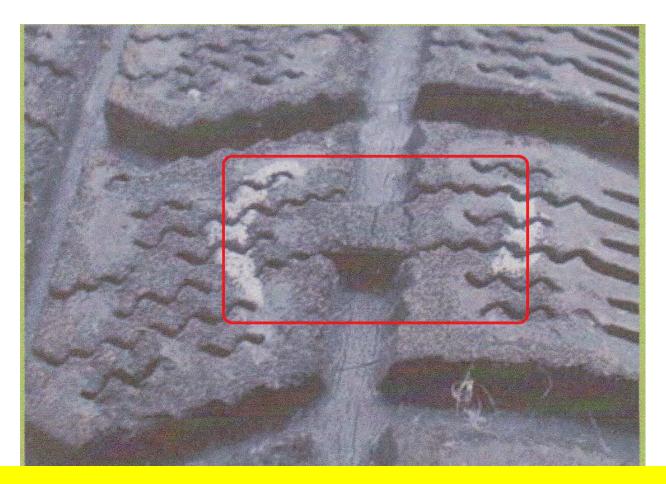


Always pay attention to the road condition



Check your winter tire before you travel





If platform appears to connect two blocks, then the tire is no longer good as a snow tire, but still can use as a summer tire.

Mission - People - Sajety



Tips for Safe Driving in the Winter



<u>Understanding winter roads</u>

- Weather is subject to change without warning
- There are many frozen spots, especially near shades of trees and bridges
- Drifting snow impairs your ability to see
- Be cautious around tunnels.
 Their entrance/exit tend to freeze.



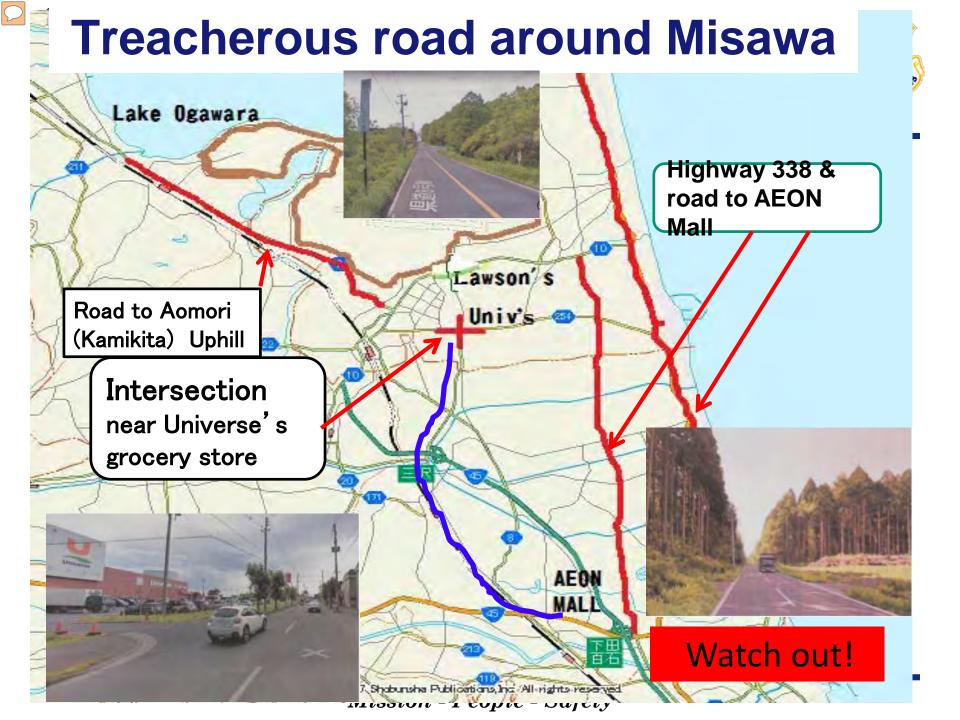


Tips for Safe Driving in the Winter



Driving on icy roads

- Do not quickly press the accelerator
- Turn lights on for better visibility
- Do not make sharp turns
- Always follow the rut
- Keep enough distance between each vehicle
- Reduce speed before approaching a curve
- Apply brakes slowly





Try to keep your High Beams on!





High Beams illuminates 100 meters away, low for 40 meters



Do NOT drink and drive!



What will you get with drunk driving?

Driver	Imprisonment up to 5 years or fine up to 1,000,000 JPY (approx 10,000 USD).
Vehicle provider	Imprisonment up to 5 years or fine less than 1,000,000 JPY (approx 10,000 USD).
Alcohol provider	Imprisonment up to 3 years or fine up to 500,000 JPY (approx 5,000 USD).
Fellow passenger	Imprisonment up to 3 years or fine up to 500,000 JPY (approx 5,000 USD).

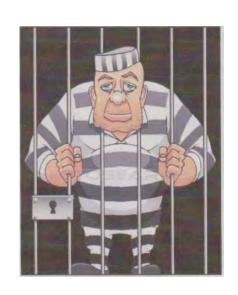
If you don't want be an accomplice, stop him from driving!



Just a moment!



- If you fail to make a report of your accident to the Japanese police, you will get less than three months imprisonment or fine less than 50,000yen(approx \$500)
- If your accident causes a death under the condition of drunk driving, drugs, high-speed, ignoring a traffic light or in other dangerous situations, you will get:



Max 20 years of imprisonment in Japan!



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Wing Safety







Overview



- Vehicle Readiness
- West Falcon Drive
- High Risk Activity Program







Overview



- Vehicle Readiness
- West Falcon Drive
- High Risk Activity Program







Traction Devices 15 Nov – 31 Mar

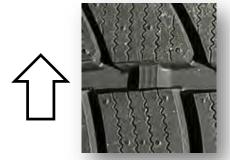




Summer All-Season Snow









Clear Your Vehicle



Leave with enough time to clear:

- Windows
- Mirrors
- Hood
- Trunk
- Roof
- Light lenses
- License plates







Winter Car Kit



- Flashlight
- Flares or reflective triangle
- Small/collapsible shovel
- Money (yen)
- First aid supplies
- Basic tools
- Fully charged cell phone w/ emergency phone numbers
- Boots
- Hat
- Coat
- Gloves
- Jumper cables
- Sand or kitty litter for traction
- Ice scraper and brush
- Blanket/sleeping bag
- Water
- High energy food







Driving in School Zones



- Reduce Speed!
- Allow extra stopping distance
- Be vigilant for children crossing crosswalks
- DO NOT pass school buses boarding or dropping off students





Vehicle Accident Causes



- Driving too fast for conditions
- Inattentive driving
- Following too close
- Unserviceable tires







West Falcon Dr.







High-Risk Activities



A HRA worksheet (AF4391) is required for the activities listed below

All-Terrain Vehicle (ATV)

Auto Racing

Bungee Jumping

Civil Light Aircraft Flying

Cliff Diving

Combative Sports

Free Diving/Extended Breath-Holding

<u>Hunting</u>

Jet Skiing/Personal Water Craft (PWC)

Motocross/Off-Road Riding

Motorcycle Racing (Street/Track)

Mountain Biking (Trails Riding/Racing)

<u>Parasailing</u>

Rock Climbing/Rappelling

Rodeo Activities

Scuba Diving

Ski Jumping (Snow)

Sky Diving

Snowmobiling

Snow Skiing/Snowboarding

Soaring

<u>Ultralight Aircraft/Powered Parachute</u>

<u>Underwater Exploration/Cave Diving/Spelunking</u>

Whitewater Rafting or Kayaking

This listing above is not all inclusive for further information contact your Unit Safety Rep.



Check 3 GPS



CHECK 3 ... THREE SIMPLE AND QUICK QUESTIONS TO ASSESS ANY ACTIVITY



Do you have the right gear?
Do you have a good plan?
Do you have the right skills?







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Mr. Ronald Stark
35 FSS Outdoor Recreation

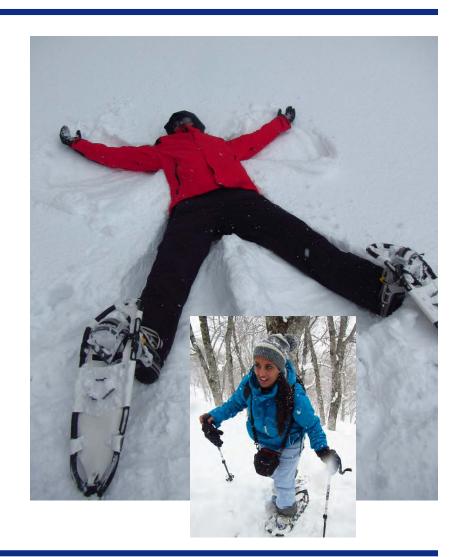
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Overview



- Getting the RIGHT GEAR
- Avalanche Awareness
- Rescues Cost BIG \$\$\$\$
- Pack someCOMMON SENSE!
- Survive and Enjoy!









Let's Review some Important Facts

- Winter's COLD!
- Winter's WET!
 - Winter's <u>FUN</u>,
 <u>AWESOME</u>,

 EXCITING,
 EXHILERATING

ONLY if you're WELL-PREPARED!





- Dress in Smart Layers
- AVOID Cotton (NO JEANS!)
- Don't Overdress
- Have Extra Essentials
 - Socks, Glove, Hats













Dressing in Smart Layers

Base Layer – This is next to your skin. Polypro, Thinsulate, Under Armor Extreme etc. Any fabric designed to wick moisture away from your skin is ideal.

Middle Layer – Something that traps air such as Fleece, Wool, Merino Wool, Down etc. This is the layer that keeps you warm.

Outer Layer – Wind & Waterproof is a MUST! This doesn't have to be thick and heavily insulated if you have good base and middle layers.











QUIZ Who's correctly dressed for fun on an Outdoor Rec Ski & Snowboarding Trip?









Helmets are <u>HIGHLY RECOMMENDED!</u>

- Helmets SAVE LIVES
- Helmets REDUCE the Severity of Injuries























There's a BIG difference between these two locations

- At a resort help is usually MINUTES away
- In the backcountry help may take HOURS to arrive. You may even have to wait until the next day!





G

Getting the Right Gear



Pack to Survive

- Backpack
- First Aid Kit
- Snow Shovel
- Cell Phone
- Extra Warm Clothing
- Signal Mirror/Whistle
- Light / Headlamp
- Water / Sport Drink
- High-Energy Food
- Knife / Para-Cord
- Mylar (space) Blanket
- Snowshoes (essential for backcountry survival!)











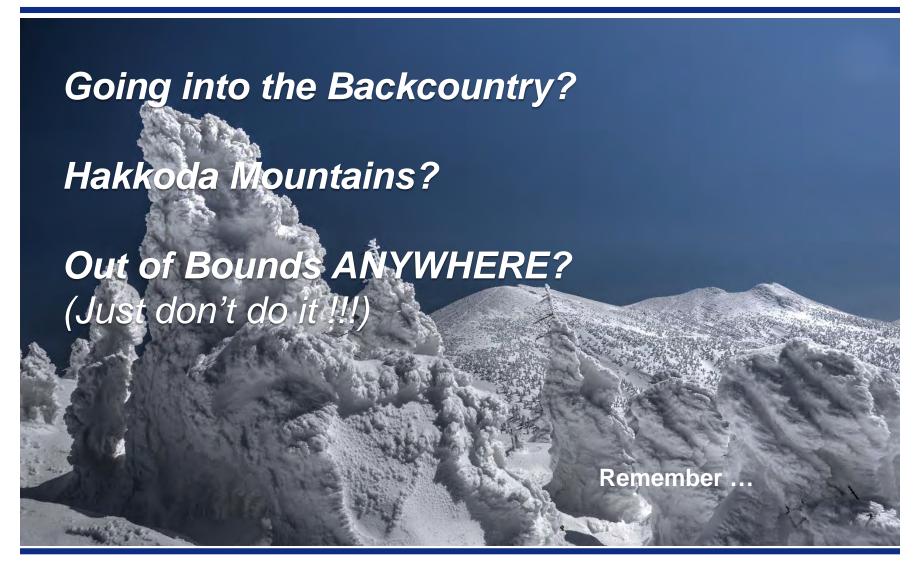


Ask yourself "If something goes wrong today will I still be alive tomorrow?



Avalanche Awareness







Avalanches KILL!



2017 has been DEADLY!

- **February 20**th A Navy civilian vanishes in an avalanche at Hakuba ski resort in Nagano Prefecture. He was in a dangerous backcountry area prone to avalanches. His body wasn't recovered until May when the snow melted.
- Search efforts cost over \$60,000







Avalanches KILL!



2017 has been DEADLY!

- February 27th A New Zealander (and experienced local guide) is killed in an avalanche near Niseko in Hokkaido after ignoring danger signs to keep out of an off-limits area. Several members of his group were injured.
- March 20th <u>Seven</u> Japanese high school students and 1 teacher killed in avalanche in Tochigi Prefecture. The teachers thought it was too late in the season for an avalanche they were <u>DEAD</u> wrong!





Avalanches KILL!



A Little Closer to Home!

- Heavy snowfall!
- High winds!
- Avalanche warning
- issued but ignored!
- Guides
- were ill-prepared!
- Emergency crews
- took 4 hours to
- get there!

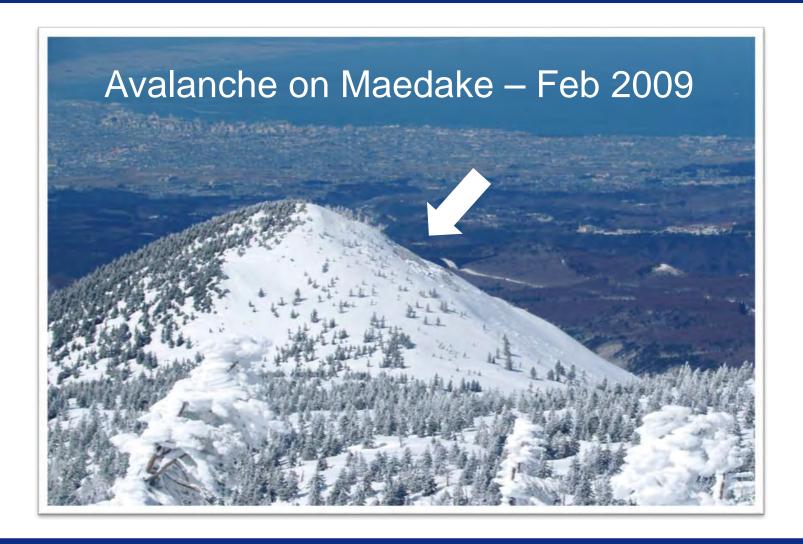


15 Feb 2007 – 2 Japanese Skiers <u>DEAD!</u> 8 more critically injured in the Hakkoda Mountains!



Avalanches KILL!









Rescues Cost BIG \$\$\$\$



Expect to pay to be rescued!



Treerun Area ツリーランエリアご利 Regulation 滑走にはヘルメットの着用が義務と Wearing a helmet is obligatory スキースノーボードに伴う危険 エリア端の目印 スノーボードをする場合は次のような危険と出会う事があります。場利用者はこれをよくわきまえ、注意深く行動するように努めます。 ○横高、霧、焼油、潜毒など、天候による危険 ②性、急利剤、凹凸などの近野による危険 ②圧、急利剤、凹凸などの近野による危険 ③アイスバーシ、新金、クレバス、ツリーボール、釜崩など、雪や水の状態による危険。 ④岩凸、茂み、切り味、立木、潤出した晩まなど、自然脾毒地による危険 ⑤リント支柱、素証路俗などの人工辞書間による危険。 advanced 6)的のスキー場利用者との接触衝突による危険 We shall not be responsible for any loss, damages and troubles and accidents. Please carry a fully charged mobile phone with an emergency contact number registered in it at all times when skiing CLOSE

Costs can range from several hundred at a resort to thousands in the backcountry





Rescues Cost BIG \$\$\$\$



Niseko, Hokkaido

\$500 Backcountry Area (2 hours or less) \$1000 Off-Limits Area (2 Hours or less) Plus

\$20 per Rescue Personnel (per hour) \$100 if Snow Cat is required (per hour) \$30 if Snowmobile is required (per hour)

In 2016 the average rescue fee in Japan was \$4000. The highest was \$39,000.

Insurance is recommended. Make sure it covers those "here, hold my beer" moments (not all policies do!)

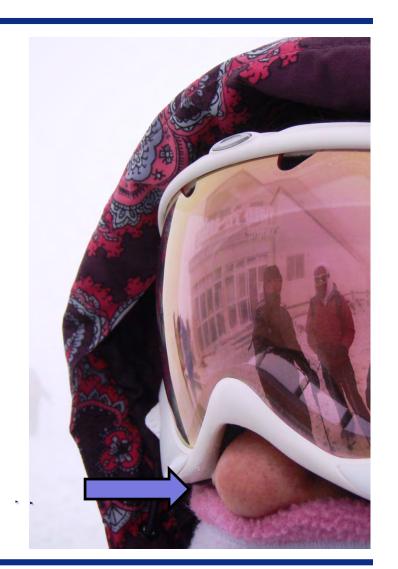








- Have the proper training!
- Keep your equipment in good shape!
- Have the knowledge to stay safe! (weather, directions, emergency phone #'s etc.)
- Have a plan and leave it with someone who isn't going!









- Know your abilities and don't get yourself into a situation you can't handle!
- If you're a beginner stay on the beginner slopes! (and off the jumps!)
- Hakkoda is <u>NOT</u> a beginner area!
 Going there without experience and the right gear can <u>KILL YOU</u>!









ALCOHOL & Snow Sports DON'T MIX!

Shattered collar bone resulting from intoxicated snowboarding!















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35 CES/CEX



Overview



Blizzards

- Types of blizzards
- What to do in a blizzard



What is a Blizzard



What makes a blizzard different than a snowstorm is that, unlike snowstorms, a blizzard must have high winds of at least 35mph, or 56 km/h.





Types of Blizzards



Snowstorm-Type Blizzard

- Heavy snow and below-freezing temperatures
- Reduces visibility to no more than 1,300 feet for extended periods of time

Ground Blizzard

- Do not dump any kind of significant snowfall
- High winds blow snow that has already fallen
- Three main types of ground blizzards
 - Horizontal advection
 - Vertical advection
 - Thermal-mechanical



What To Do



- Once you find yourself stuck in your car in a snowstorm, the best thing to do is stay put (unless you see a building nearby).
- Ensure that the exhaust on the car is clear of snow so you don't get carbon monoxide buildup in the car.
- Turn the car off. Turn it on every once in a while to heat it up, and then turn it back off to conserve gas.
- Check the tailpipe each time you turn the heater on.



What To Do



- Exercises, just do a set of pushups or flutter kicks every once in a while to stay warm.
- stay hydrated, if you don't have water in the car you will need to melt snow. The more hydrated you are, the warmer you will be.
- Keep your seatbelt on, and put on your hazard lights or place roadside flares. Even if you're pulled over, people can still hit you.
- Keep in mind the colder the air temperature and the higher the wind speeds the colder it will feel on your skin if you're outside.



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Cold Weather Injuries



- Frostbite
- Hypothermia
- Slips & Falls
- Influenza



Cold Weather Injuries



- Tissue temp in cold wx regulated by two factors: external temp and internal heat flow
- Factors influencing cold injuries
 - Low ambient temp
 - Wind chill
 - Moisture
 - Dehydration
- Cold induced vasodilation
 - When hand or foot cooled to 59°F, maximal vasoconstriction/minimal blood flow
 - Cooling continues to 50°F, vasoconstriction interrupted by periods of vasodilation w/ increase in blood and heat flow
 - 5-10 minute cycles to provide some protection from cold



Cold Stress Equation



Low temperature + wind speed + wetness = injuries & illness

- When the body is unable to warm itself, serious cold related illnesses and injuries may occur, and permanent tissue damage and death may result
- Hypothermia can occur when land temperatures are above freezing or water temperatures are below 98.6°F/37°C.
- Cold related illnesses can slowly overcome a person who has been chilled by low temperatures, brisk winds, or wet clothing.



Prevention



Shivering

- Increases internal heat production and helps offset of heat being lost
- Increased physical activity helps even more

Acclimation

- We don't acclimate to cold weather as well as hot weather
- We habituate...Proper training is crucial

Hydration

Requirements just as important in the cold as they are in the heat

Caloric Requirements

- We expend more energy when cold and use more calories trying to keep warm
- Increase caloric input by 25-50%



Prevention



- Prevent loss of heat
 - Avoid prolonged exposure
 - Clean, dry clothing worn in loose layers
 - Prevent overheating
 - Material can make a difference
- Don't drink alcohol/caffeine
 - Causes vasodilation of blood vessels which leads to increased heat loss
- Don't use nicotine
 - Decreases blood flow to the skin and increases susceptibility to frost bite



Slips and Falls



Humans & Ice...Don't play well together

- STF's account for 20% of workers' compensation claims
- Misawa's largest source of non-sports winter injuries
- A joint injury occurs in 79% of falls
- Back injured in 66% of falls usually sprains/strains
- Fractures occur in 10% of falls







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Avoid the Ice!





Slips often happen with the first step out of your car.
Hold the door handle.





Countermeasures



- Walk on textured surfaces, slowly and deliberately
- Watch your step plan your path to avoid danger areas
- Don't let what you carry obstruct your view
- Dump the distractions
- Step flat-footed, NOT heel-first
- Shorten your stride & widen your turns
- Use handrails on exterior stairways & ramps
- Wear the right boots
- Ice Spikes or Yaktrax recommended
 - Remove while driving / indoors
- Beware of ice under the snow





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Be safe and have fun but Know Your Limits







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Winter Safety

Fire Prevention Section 226-4055

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Overview



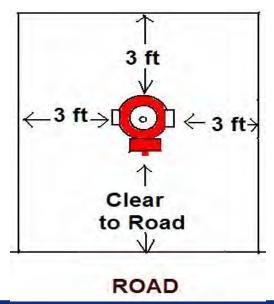
- Hydrants and Fire Lanes
- Space Heaters
- Christmas Trees
- Turkey Fryers
- Emergency Numbers



Hydrants and Fire Lanes



- DO NOT block/park in front of fire hydrants, fire department connections, or fire lanes.
- It is the responsibility of facility managers and housing residents to keep fire hydrants clear of snow.







Space Heaters



- Kerosene heaters are prohibited in all facilities
- Must be UL/JIS listed
- Must have "Tip-Over" shut-off switch
- Never leave unattended/unplug when not in use
- No combustible material within 3 feet



Holiday Decorations





- Don't cover/conceal or obstruct access to:
 - Exit Doors
 - Exit Lights
 - Fire Alarm panels and pull stations
 - Standpipe/Hose cabinets
 - Fire Extinguishers
 - Exit aisle ways
 - Emergency lighting



Christmas Trees



- Examine each string of lights for fraying/damage
- Plug directly into wall or surge protector
- Place wires where they will not become a tripping hazard
 DO NOT place them under rugs
- Ensure all light sockets have bulbs in them
- DO NOT use flammable decorations
- Use only UL/JIS listed decoration lights
- Turn off lights when you leave the house or prior to bed FW requirement lights on only between <u>1800</u> and <u>2300</u> hours
- NEVER use burning candles to decorate trees
- NEVER place near heat sources (space heaters, radiators, etc)



Turkey Fryers



- Follow ALL manufactures guidelines
 - Turkeys must be thawed!
- Outdoor use only, keep minimum of 10 ft from buildings and trees
- NO fryers on Tower Balconies
- Never leave fryers unattended
- Keep an ALL-PURPOSE fire extinguisher nearby



Turkey Fryer Video



Turkey Fryer Video YouTube



Emergency Numbers



- In the case of an emergency call:
 - On Base DSN: 911
 - From a cell phone: 0176-53-1911

 Recommend programming this number now
 - For Off-Base: 119



Questions?



Fire Prevention Office 226-4055





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TSgt Daniel Ray TSgt Kyle Torrey 35 CES/CEOHP

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Agenda



General information

Areas of responsibilities

Snow removal priorities

Parking lot closures

Winter advisories



General Information



24/7 S&IC Operations begin 19 November, 2018

Stay Tuned to AFN, CAC, Weather Channel, Misawa Connects App

Off Base is not maintained

Leaving Misawa for extended periods, please park in Long-Term Parking



Special Interest Clearing & Long-Term Parking







General Information





Housing Residents:

Ice Melt is purchased by residents

Available @ BX or off-base

Facility Managers:

Ice melt

Icicle poles

Available @ U-fix-it (Bldg 794)





U-Fix-It





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Areas of Responsibility



Civil Engineers

Clear 85% of Base Roads, Parking Areas, Sidewalks and flight-line (226-SNOW)

JASDF

JASDF Areas Streets, Parking Areas and Runway

Contracted

Towers, FSS Facilities, Schools, MSOC (226-3624)

Facility Managers

Sidewalks within 10 feet of facility

Housing Residents

Sidewalk in front of and leading up to residence Fire Hydrants



USAF Snow Removal Priorities



Priority #1 - Flight line, Base Emergency Access Routes and Main Streets

Priority #2 - Remainder of Airfield, Industrial Areas & Primary MFH/Secondary Base Roads

Priority #3 - Parking Lots & Secondary Housing Roads.



USAF Snow Pile Identifier





DO NOT PARK IN FRONT OF MULTI COLORED POLES!



Pay Attention to Signs







Dorm Signs

Temporary Signs



Comply With Policy







Winter Advisory



Do Not Shovel Snow Into Streets.

Do Not Stop on main roads to drop children off at Schools.

Do Not Park Illegally.

Do Not Tamper with Snow Poles.

Do Not Leave vehicles unattended in parking lots.

Do Not trail behind equipment (stay 100 feet back).



Winter Advisory



Do clear entry/exits 10 feet from Industrial Facilities

Do clear snow from around hydrants

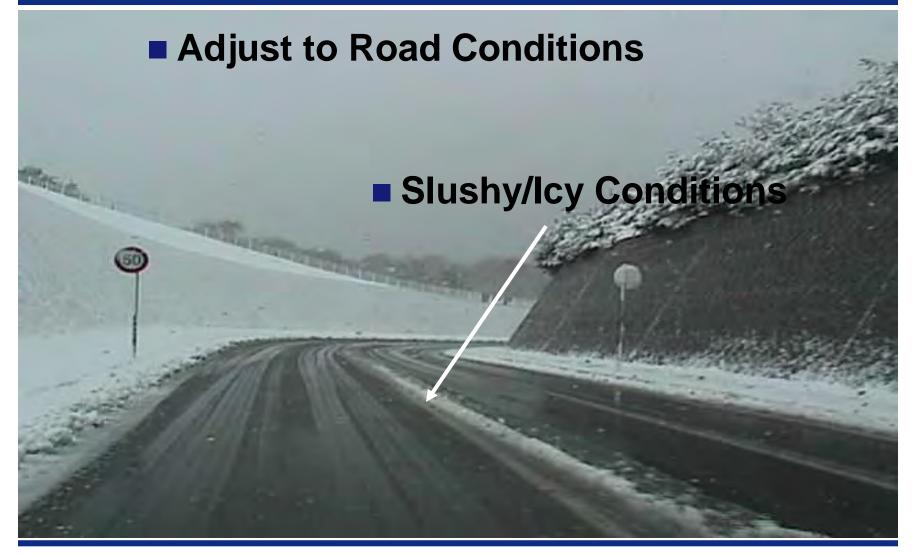
Do clear Housing/Facilities sidewalks by 0800

BE RESPONSIBLE!



Winter Advisory





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Winter Advisory

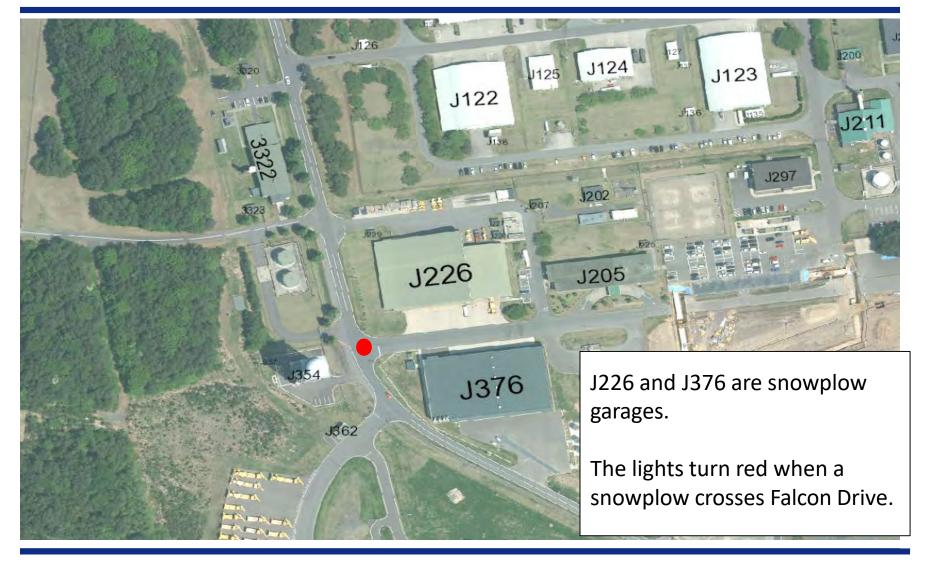






WATCH OUT! JASDAF SNOWPLOW GARAGES







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Violence Prevention Integrator



Michelle Aldana 35 FW/CVP

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Violence Prevention Integrator



- Incidents of interpersonal and self directed violence statistically increases during the winter months.
- Take care of yourself, and those around you!
- Connect with others, social organizations, and helping agencies.

■ BHOP: 226-6372

Chapel: 226-4630

■ Domestic Abuse Victim Advocate: 080-9158-8735 24/7

■ Family Advocacy: 226-2123

Mental Health: 226-3230

■ MFLC: 226-2147

Sexual Assault Prevention & Response: 226-SAPR(7277) OR 226-7277

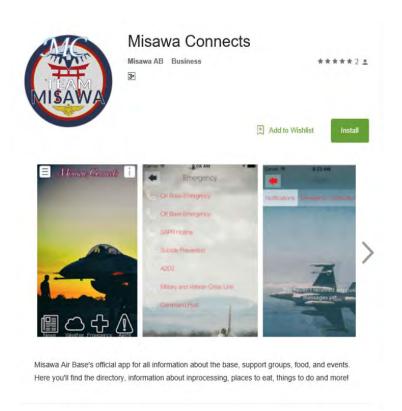
Suicide Prevention Lifeline: 94-800-273-TALK (8225) or DSN 118



VPI



 Please download the Misawa
 Connects App in GooglePlay or Apple App store





Final Thoughts



- Defensive Driving--Assume slick roads
- Give yourself plenty of time
- Make smart decisions
- Apply Risk Management

